

Senate Bill No. 1015

CHAPTER 193

An act to amend and repeal Section 2690 of the Penal Code, relating to inmates, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

[Approved by Governor August 15, 2014. Filed with
Secretary of State August 15, 2014.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1015, Galgiani. Inmates.

Existing law authorizes the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to authorize the temporary removal of any inmate from prison or any other institution for the detention of adults under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, including removal for the purpose of attending college classes or permitting the inmate to participate in or assist with the gathering of evidence relating to crimes. Existing law also authorizes the secretary to require, except when the removal is for medical treatment or to assist with the gathering of evidence related to crimes, the inmate to reimburse the state, in whole or in part, for expenses incurred by the state in connection with the temporary removal. Existing law makes the provisions that specifically refer to removal for the purpose of permitting the inmate to participate in or assist with the gathering of evidence relating to crimes operative only until January 1, 2015.

This bill would make those provisions operative indefinitely.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 2690 of the Penal Code, as amended by Section 1 of Chapter 181 of the Statutes of 2013, is amended to read:

2690. The Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation may authorize the temporary removal of an inmate from prison or any other institution for the detention of adults under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, including removal for the purpose of attending college classes or permitting the inmate to participate in, or assist with, the gathering of evidence relating to crimes. The secretary may require that the temporary removal be under custody. Unless the inmate is removed for medical treatment, the removal shall not be for a period longer than three days. The secretary may require, except when the removal is for medical treatment or to assist with the gathering of evidence related to crimes, the

inmate to reimburse the state, in whole or in part, for expenses incurred by the state in connection with the temporary removal.

SEC. 2. Section 2690 of the Penal Code, as added by Section 2 of Chapter 181 of the Statutes of 2013, is repealed.

SEC. 3. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

In order to enable law enforcement agencies to obtain important evidence regarding serious crimes, including murder and kidnapping, from inmates as soon as possible, it is necessary that this act take effect immediately.